

Introduction of WNISAT-1R What nano-sat can do for WNI

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- Sea ice monitoring
- Typhoon, volcanic plume and other phenomena monitoring,
- ► Additional experiments : GNSS-R, Optical communication







Tracking and Control Station : Weathernews (UHF) / Tokyo University(UHF)

Downlink : Toukai University Kumamoto (X-Band)



| Dimensions | 524 × 524 × 507mm |
|--------------------|--|
| Weight | 43kg |
| Mission Equipments | 6 Imagers |
| | - 3 Visible (R, G, PAN) |
| | - 1 NIR |
| | - 2 Spares |
| | GNSS-R Experiment |
| GDS | 400m(NIR, R)、200m(G, PAN) |
| Spectral Bands | PAN(450-650nm), G(535-607nm) |
| | R(620-680nm), NIR(695-1005nm) |
| Attitude Control | 3-axis stabilized |
| | Sun Oriented, Earth Oriented, Track Point |
| Launcher | Soyuz 2 |
| Launch Pad | Baikonur Cosmodrome |
| Orbit | Sun Synchronous Orbit (LTAN 11:30), Height |
| | 600km |



15:36, July 14, 2017 (JST) Launched by Soyuz 2 rocket from Baikonur Cosmodrome (Kazakhstan) Sub-payload of Kanopus-V-IK with 72 microsatellites





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- Mode transfer from the safety mode to the operational mode after the first contact.
- Bus checkout : To confirm each bus equipment.
- Mission checkout : To confirm each mission equipment.
- Operation test for main mission : Total checkout for camera mission operation including satellite system and ground system.

First Light Image



From July 24, we started chekout main mission camera. And we got the first light images.















First Light Image 1



Vilkitsky Strait, Arctic sea





First Light Image 1-1



Green channel



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First Light image 1-2



Near infra red





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Specification of main imager

| Number of Cameras | 4 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Spectral Bands | PAN (450-650nm), G (535-607nm), |
| | R (620-680nm), NIR(695-1005nm) |
| Pixel Count | 2048 × 2048 |
| GSD | PAN, G : 200m , R, NIR : 400m |
| Bit Depth | 12bit |

PAN : Panchromatic, NIR : Near Infra Red, GSD : Ground Sampling Distance





- Area senser
- Independent bands
- Low middle resolution

These feature bring us spectral products, time series products.



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Difference between R and NIR can extract sea ice



Sea Ice : Pseudo Colorized Image 1.



Light blue parts indicate sea ice.



Sea Ice : Pseudo Colorized Image 2





Sea Ice : Pseudo Colorized Image 3





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True Color Image 1 : R, G, PAN





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True Color Image 3 : R, G, PAN





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Stereo Scopic Image : Volcanic Plume





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Stereo Scopic Image: Typhoon





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Stereo Scopic Image 1





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Pseudo Color Image



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Schedule of Experiments



- GNSS-R : November
- Optical Communication December





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